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PHD THESIS

Optimising load planning and container routing in intermodal rail transport

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This is a summary of the author's PhD thesis supervised by An Caris, Kris 1 Braekers (Hasselt University, Belgium), Stan van Hoesel and Andre Berger (Maas-2 tricht University, The Netherlands). The thesis was defended on June 19, 2019 3 at Maastricht University as a results of a double-degree programme with Has-Δ selt University as main institution and Maastricht University as partner institution. 5 The thesis is written in English and is available from the author upon request at 6 hilde.heggen@uhasselt.be. This work deals with decision support in the 7 context of intermodal rail transport by studying two planning problems, integrated 8 intermodal routing and multi-objective train load planning. 9

With the rising focus towards more sustainable transport systems, intermodal trans-10 port is a promising alternative for unimodal road transport. However, it also presents 11 a number of challenges for intermodal operators and planners who are in charge of 12 executing transport planning in an increasingly dynamic environment. As multiple 13 transport modes and decision makers are involved, intermodal transport is more com-14 plex. Moreover, the level of integration of different transport modes and decision 15 levels influences the attractiveness of intermodal transport. Innovative and integrated 16 transport systems reflecting real-life problems should be developed in order to provide 17 adequate decision support tools for intermodal planners and support a synchromodal 18 vision. However, a gap between academic research and practice can be observed, 19 because real-life characteristics of intermodal transport companies are ignored. There-20 fore, the focus of this thesis is on decision support for human planners at the operational 21 decision level during the planning process of intermodal rail transport. 22

This dissertation aims at offering intermodal planning support in order to minimise 23 total transport costs and maximise service capacity utilisation, which in turn decreases 24 costs of the transport system. Two decision support tools are proposed by means of 25 fast planning algorithms which include real-life characteristics. These concepts are 26 inherent to the synchromodal vision in order to encourage a modal shift away from 27 unimodal road transport. After a literature review on intermodal routing and vehicle 28 routing in intermodal transport, two problems usually considered separately, an inte-29 grated intermodal routing problem is presented. Both a mathematical formulation as 30 well as a large neighbourhood search heuristic algorithm are presented for the sequen-31 tial and the integrated version of the problem. In the integrated version, operators are 32 dedicated to the integrated nature of the problem. By including information of local 33 vehicle routes in the assignment of transport requests to long-haul routes through a 34

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service network, better-informed decisions can be obtained. Insights are presented on
how such integrated approach can be used for decision analysis in practice by means
of a real-life case.

With transport requests assigned to intermodal routes through an intermodal rail 38 service network, they should be assigned to specific locations on an intermodal train. 39 This is the train load planning problem. It includes detailed loading restrictions, as 40 omitting relevant loading constraints could result in infeasible solutions. Both an 41 exact and a multi-directional local search heuristic solution approach are presented. 42 Multiple objectives and additional real-life loading constraints are included, resulting 43 in multiple feasible train load plans. Routes might still change for some transport 44 requests and information about future orders should be accounted for. By providing 45 multiple plans, planners can select the most appropriate load plan at a specific moment 46 in time. The problem is applied to a real-life case to demonstrate advantages for 47 practitioners. 48

⁴⁹ Decisions on these two planning problems, intermodal routing and train load plan-⁵⁰ ning, influence the throughput and efficiency of the intermodal transport system. Fast ⁵¹ decision support by means of planning algorithms is provided for improved, more ⁵² efficient planning. Results contribute to a better understanding of the way in which ⁵³ intermodal operators can maximise their service network's transport capacity based on ⁵⁴ the expected demand of transport orders, and lead to an increased transport capacity ⁵⁵ utilisation and a minimisation of total transport costs.

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