

### "COST Network Tu1301 NORM4Building" (2014-2017)

#### Wouter Schroeyers, UHasselt

NORM ENVIRONET Project, Vienna, 16-20/10/2017







### **Centre of Environmental Sciences: Research Themes**

#### **1. Effect of environmental stressors on organisms**



#### 2. Sustainable and Clean Technologies



#### 3. Biodiversity, Ecosystem Services and Climate Change







OWLEDGE IN ACTION

# Outline – NORM4Building

### I. Introduction

- 2. Databases
  - I. General NORM4Building database
  - 2. BY-BM Database
- 3. Publications
- 4. Conclusions Outlook



# The NORM4Building Network

 Exchange of multidisciplinary knowledge and experiences (radiological, technical, economical, legislative, ecological, ...)

Stimulate the reuse of by-products in new tailor-made sustainable building materials While assuring (radiation) protection of the population / environment





# **Objectives NORM4Building**

Working Group I

- Studying **state of the art** in the reuse of NORM by-products in construction materials
- Development of a data base with good practices



Working Group 2

• Develop **new options** for **tailor-made building materials to incorporate NORM residues**.

#### Working Group 3

- Improve **measurement capacity** for NORM containing building materials
- **Standardization** of measurement protocols and development of (pre-) standards.

Working Group 4

- Improving **dosimetric models** for a number of building scenarios.
- Investigating the impact of the new Euratom Basic safety standards



# The NORM4Building Network

#### Meetings – Training schools – STSMs - …







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# General NORM4Building database





#### www.norm4building.org

#### Database team:

Tibor Kovacs Gergo Bator Zoltan Sas

#### Verification team:

Cristina Nuccetelli Rosabianca Trevisi Federica Leonardi



W. Schroeyers et al. Construction and building materials, 2017, paper in publication



### **Building the NORM4Building database:**



- Semi-automatic approach for data collection
  - >68.000 publications processed (from Science Direct, Web of Science, etc...)
  - Manual validation of entries (so far 460 entries validated: 7705 samples)

G. Bator et al, V. Terrestrial Radioisotopes in Environment International Conference on Environmental Protection, 17-20<sup>th</sup> May (2016), Veszprém



#### Fly ash from coal, peat and heavy oil fired power plants



#### NORM4Building database (<u>www.norm4building.org</u>)

W. Schroeyers et al. Construction and building materials, 2017, paper in publication



### **By-products from ferrous industry**



#### NORM4Building database (<u>www.norm4building.org</u>)

W. Schroeyers et al. Construction and building materials, 2017, paper in publication



### **By-products from non-ferrous industry**



#### NORM4Building database (www.norm4building.org)

 W. Schroeyers et al. Construction and building materials, 2017, paper in publication



# Discussion: evaluating datamining approach

- Strength:
  - Hundreds of publications can be processed monthly
  - Finds data **accurately**
  - Allows continuous (automated) search for new data: useful for keeping inventory up to date
  - Can run again on collected data using different key-words

#### Limitations

- Reliability of the data is strongly dependent of the **reliability of the published results**:
- Validation is a labour intensive step
- > Data from graphical images (eg.: histograms) is currently not collected
- Licence for datamining software is expensive
- Industrially relevant?
  - There is a need to filter out publications according to date, insert more data from national surveys





# **I-index calculations**

$$I - index = \frac{Ac_{226Ra}}{300 B q/k g} + \frac{Ac_{232Th}}{200 B q/k g} + \frac{Ac_{40K}}{3000 B q/k g}$$

Euratom-BSS, 2013

- First screening to verify if I-index < I to assess which materials need further investigation
- Only used for building materials (or for their constituents if the constituents are also building materials)
- Values used in calculations:
  - Cement: I-index 0,38 (\*)
    Soil/aggregates: I-index 0,45 (\*)

\*R. Trevisi et al. J. Environ. Radioact. 105 (2012) 11-20.



### Scenarios for evaluation use of by-products

| Scenario | <b>Construction Material</b>         | Composition (kg/m <sup>3</sup> ) |              |            |         |  |
|----------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|------------|---------|--|
| ID       |                                      | Cement                           | By-          | Aggregates | Water   |  |
|          |                                      | Contene                          | product      |            | ,, acci |  |
| 1        | Reference concrete                   | 400                              |              | 1850       | 150     |  |
| 2        | High volume fly ash (HVFA)           | 160                              | 220 (fly ash | 1700       | 140     |  |
|          | concrete                             |                                  | (FA))        |            |         |  |
| 3        | Concrete with FA as partial          | 320                              | 130 (FA)     | 1750       | 150     |  |
|          | replacement of cement and sand'      |                                  |              |            |         |  |
| 4        | Concrete with FA as partial          | 360                              | 90 (FA)      | 1800       | 150     |  |
|          | replacement of sand                  |                                  |              |            |         |  |
| 5        | Concrete with slag as partial        | 80                               | 720 (slag)   | 1850       | 150     |  |
|          | replacement of cement and            |                                  |              |            |         |  |
|          | aggregates'                          |                                  |              |            |         |  |
| 6        | Concrete with slag as partial        | 80                               | 320 (slag)   | 1850       | 150     |  |
|          | replacement of cement                |                                  |              |            |         |  |
| 7        | Concrete with slag as partial        | 400                              | 400 (slag)   | 1450       | 150     |  |
|          | replacement of aggregates'           |                                  |              |            |         |  |
| 8        | Alkali activated concrete containing | (                                | 1800 (red    | 450        | 150     |  |
|          | red mud as partial replacement of    |                                  | mud)         |            |         |  |
|          | cement and aggregates                |                                  |              |            |         |  |

W. Schroeyers et al. Construction and building materials, 2017, in press



# I-index concretes containing fly ash

|  | 0 1 2 3 4<br>I-index mean   | 0,36 0,45 0,55 0,65 0,8<br>HVFA concrete   | 0,3 0,36 0,45 0,55<br>Concrete containing FA as partial<br>replacement of cement and sand   | 0,3 0,36 0,45 0,55<br>Concrete containing FA as partial<br>replacement of sand  |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| Grand Total  | ••••1,24  +++ ++ 3, <del>78</del> +   | <b>1111 0,49 0,72</b>  | +++10,43  | H0,40 0,4100 0,48   |
| Australia<br>China<br>Greece<br>India<br>Ireland<br>Italy<br>Kosovo<br>Philippines<br>Serbia<br>Slovakia<br>Spain<br>The Netherlands<br>Turkey | 1,24 1,24<br>1,25 1,25<br>1,02 2,15 378<br>1,02 1,49<br>0,17 0,84 0,84<br>0,29 0,29<br>0,83 0,87<br>0,94 0,99<br>0,84 0,84<br>1,02 1,37<br>0,57 0,62<br>1,76 2,68 | 0,50 0,50<br>0,47 0,47<br>0,56<br>0,36 0,38<br>0,43 0,43<br>0,37 0,37<br>0,43 0,43<br>0,43 0,43<br>0,44 0,44<br>0,48 0,43<br>0,41 0,44<br>0,48 0,43<br>0,41 0,41<br>0,61 | 0,46 0,46<br>0,41 0,41<br>0,39 H0,42<br>0,35 0,35<br>0,38 0,38<br>0,38 0,38<br>0,38 0,38<br>0,39 0,38<br>0,39 0,41<br>0,37 0,43 H0,48 | 0 44 0,44<br>0,39 0,89<br>0,34 0,37 0,89<br>0,34 0,37 0,37<br>0,35 0,37 0,37<br>0,38 0,38<br>0,37 0,37<br>0,38 0,38<br>0,37 0,37<br>0,38 0,38<br>0,37 0,37<br>0,38 0,39<br>0,36 0,36<br>0,41 0,44 |

#### NORM4Building database (<u>www.norm4building.org</u>)

W. Schroeyers et al. Construction and building materials, 2017, paper in publication



### I-index concretes containing blast furnace slag



#### NORM4Building database (www.norm4building.org)

W. Schroeyers et al. Construction and building materials, 2017, paper in publication



### I-index concrete containing non-ferrous slag as replacement aggregates



NORM4Building database (<u>www.norm4building.org</u>)

W. Schroeyers et al. Construction and building materials, 2017, paper in publication



1,24

1,21 1,21

1,5

1.04

### I-index Alkali Activated Material (AAM) containing red mud



NORM4Building database (<u>www.norm4building.org</u>)

W. Schroeyers et al. Construction and building materials, 2017, in press



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# Natural radioactivity database

MSCA project: Zoltan Sas















### **By-BM Database**

#### **Record info**

#### **Distribution analysis**

#### Visualisation

- Total records: 1526 (1095 Building materials; 436 By-products)
  48 countries
- Mean value of Ra-226, Th-232 and K-40 content were 2.52, 2.35 and 0.39 times higher in case of the By-products
- Demo version is ready













#### Ra eq conentration of datamined materials



#### www.bybmproject.com/









**By-BM Database** 





#### I-index of datamined materials

www.bybmproject.com/











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# NORM4Building, the book

WOODHEAD PUBLISHING SERIES IN CIVIL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING



#### Naturally Occurring Radioactive Materials in Construction

Integrating Radiation Protection in Reuse (COST Action Tu1301 NORM4BUILDING)



- I. Objectives
- 2. Introduction
- 3. Basic aspects of natural radioactivity
- 4. Legislative aspects
- 5. Measurement of NORM
- 6. From raw materials to NORM by-products
- 7. From NORM by-products to building materials
- 8. Leaching assessment
- 9. Nontechnical aspects
- 10. General conclusion and the way forward



Naturally Occurring Radioactive Materials in Construction

# NORM4Building "special issues"



- Previous special issue:
  - Journal of Environmental Radioactivity
  - 'Natural radioactivity in construction'
  - Volume 168, March 2017
- Upcoming special issue
  - Journal: Construction and building materials
  - Expected publication March 2018



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# Conclusion - Outlook

#### • Maintenance, updating and expanding the database

- To make the database industrially relevant: option is to apply the datamining tool on national surveys (and update it when a new survey is uploaded)?
- Link measurement information (including date of measurement) to data entries (also to data entries in national surveys, international reports...)
  - ► → This means referring to the original reference/source where it was actually measured

#### Control/verification of entries is a very labour intensive process!

- Especially kicking out overlapping information is cumbersome
- Evolving towards a database of "**original measurement entries**" that allows much more statistics and better visualisation

#### NORM4Building the book and dedicated publications

Provide information on entries in the database



### Towards a "European NORM Association"





# The 1<sup>st</sup> ENA Workshop Katowice Upper Silesia, POLAND



# 19-23 November 2018



Silesian Centre for Environmental Radioactivity,

Central Mining Institute (GIG), Plac Gwarków 1, Katowice, Poland

### The 1<sup>st</sup> ENA Workshop

### See you 19-23 November, 2018!

# **ENA** European NORM Association