# Use of phosphogypsum in alkali-activated binders: radiological and leaching assessment

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#### 1. Introduction

- 2. Materials & methods
- 3. Results
- 4. Conclusion & outlook

#### Terranova phosphogypsum deposit (DEME, Zelzate, Belgium)



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## CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from Ordinary Portland Cement (OPC)



- Alternative?
  Alkali Activated
  Materials (AAMs):
  - Reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by up to 80%
  - Comparable technical performance in many aspects
  - Allow incorporation and recycling of several types of industrial residues.

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#### Production Alkali activated materials (AAMs)





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## Leaching & radon exhalation tests

![](_page_9_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Leaching test: up-flow percolation CEN/TS 16637-3.

![](_page_9_Picture_3.jpeg)

#### Radon exhalation tests (SARAD RadonScout)

![](_page_9_Picture_5.jpeg)

#### Experimental methods

- Chemical & radiological analysis:
  - <sup>232</sup>Th and <sup>238</sup>U:
    - Thermal and epithermal neutron activation analysis (NAA)
  - Long-living) radionuclides:
    - HPGe
  - Non-radiological elements:
    - Quantitative analysis via ICP-OES and ion chromatography
- Microstructural analysis:
  - N<sub>2</sub> sorption measurements
  - Mercury intrusion porosimetry (MIP)
  - Scanning electron microscopy (SEM)

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#### Radon concentration & exhalation rate in accumulation chamber during hardening of fresh pastes

![](_page_12_Figure_1.jpeg)

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Exhalation rate of samples in dry condition after 28 days curing

![](_page_13_Figure_1.jpeg)

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#### Release of naturally occurring radionuclides upon leaching

![](_page_14_Figure_1.jpeg)

- Alkaline environment:
  - Potassium: large release [charge balancing ion]
  - Thorium (Th<sup>4+</sup>): leachable and non-leachable complexes [hydroxide & hydroxo-carbonate complexes]
    - Na<sub>2</sub>SiO<sub>3</sub> activated: more leachable thorium complexes, (compared to NaOH)

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- Uranium (U<sup>6+</sup>): retained
  [in calcium-silicate-hydrate
  structure or absorbed on silicate
  surfaces]
- Radium: retained [similar to Ca]
- Lead: retained [precipitation Pb(OH)<sub>2</sub>]

#### Relative release of non-radiological elements

![](_page_15_Figure_1.jpeg)

 From phosphogypsum: F and Ca are well retained in AAM structure (in contradiction to S)

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#### Compressive strength

![](_page_16_Figure_1.jpeg)

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## **Conclusion & outlook**

- AAMs: by selecting an appropriate activator, it is possible to control:
  - Porosity
  - Radon emissions
  - Leaching behavior
- Note: Alkali activator/precursor ratio of 0.6 was chosen because of a decline in the workability upon PG incorporation

#### In follow-up studies:

- We are trying to **reduce the alkalinity** of the solutions
- Increase the PG content, while simultaneously achieving good mechanical properties and immobilization of hazardous (radiological) elements

![](_page_18_Picture_9.jpeg)

## Would like to know more?

- Gijbels K., Iacobescu R.I., Pontikes Y., Vandevenne N., Schreurs S., Schroeyers W. (2018). Radon immobilization potential of alkali-activated materials containing ground granulated blast furnace slag and phosphogypsum. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.conbuildmat.2018.06.162
- Gijbels K., Landsberger S., Samyn P., Iacobescu R.I., Pontikes Y., Schreurs S., Schroeyers W. (2019). Radiological and non-radiological leaching assessment of alkali-activated materials containing ground granulated blast furnace slag and phosphogypsum. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2019.01.089
- Gijbels K., Iacobescu R.I., Pontikes Y., Schreurs S., Schroeyers W. (2019). Alkali-activated materials containing ground granulated blast furnace slag and phosphogypsum. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.conbuildmat.2019.04.194</u>