

Use of NORM in building materials: Challenges identified by the NORM4BUILDING project

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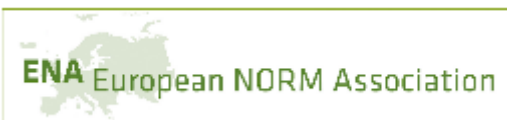
Societal aspects and marketing challenges of naturally occurring radioactive materials in building products



Pre-ricomet 2020 1-3rd of September – online webinar

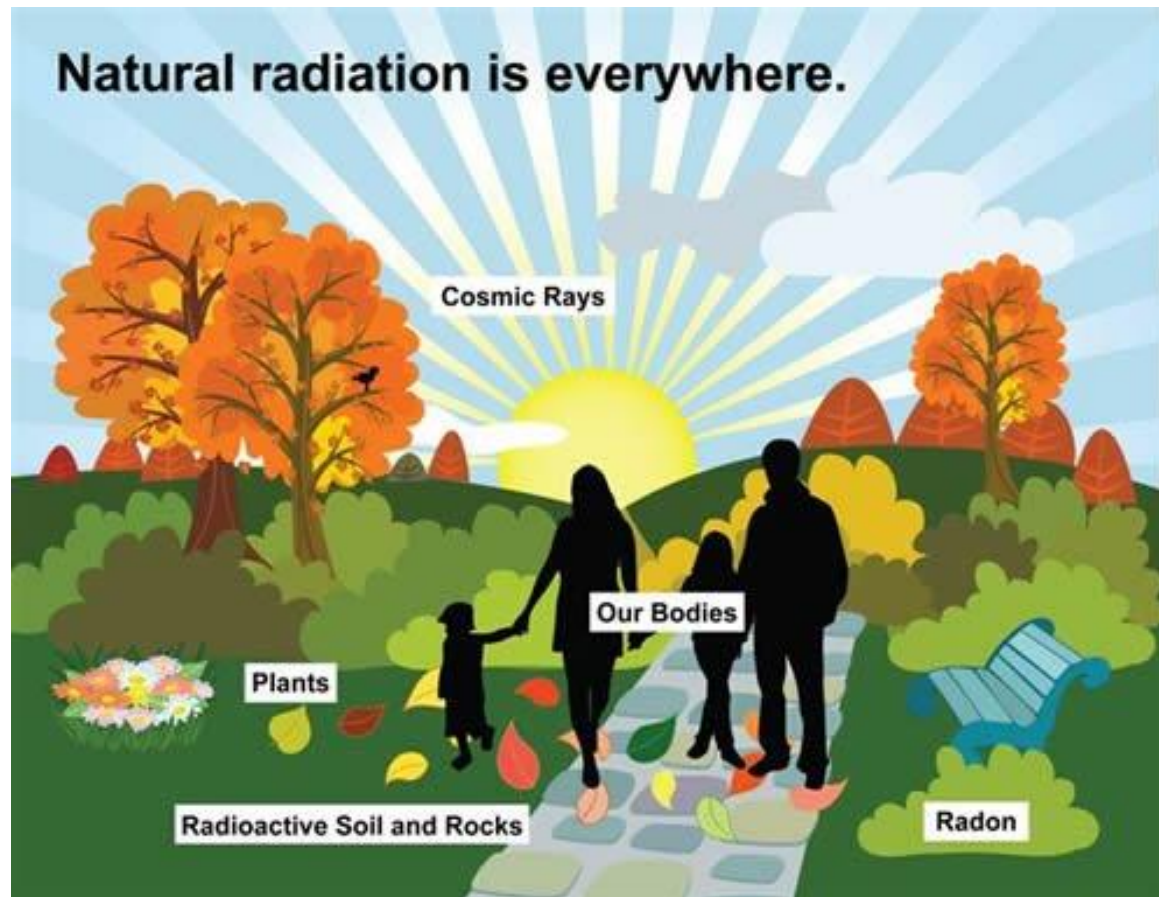
UHASSELT

KNOWLEDGE IN ACTION



Naturally Occurring Radionuclides

- Natural ^{238}U decay chain:



Type of Radiation	Nuclide	Half-life
	Uranium-238	4.5×10^9 years
α	Thorium-234	24.5 days
β	Protactinium-234	1.14 minutes
β	Uranium-234	42.33×10^5 years
α	Thorium-230	8.3×10^4 years
α	Radium-226	1590 years
α	Radon-222	3.825 days
α	Polonium-218	3.05 minutes
α	Lead-214	26.8 minutes
β	Bismuth-214	19.7 minutes
β	Polonium-214	1.5×10^{-4} seconds
α	Lead-210	22 years
β	Bismuth-210	5 days
β	Polonium-210	140 days
α	Lead-206	stable

- Natural ^{232}Th decay chain, ^{40}K

‘Naturally Occurring Radioactive Materials’ (NORM)

Ore: ‘Naturally Occurring Radionuclides’



Processing

By-products

Residues

Waste

with enhanced concentrations

**From technical perspective:
Can be valuable secondary resources for
example for use in construction materials**



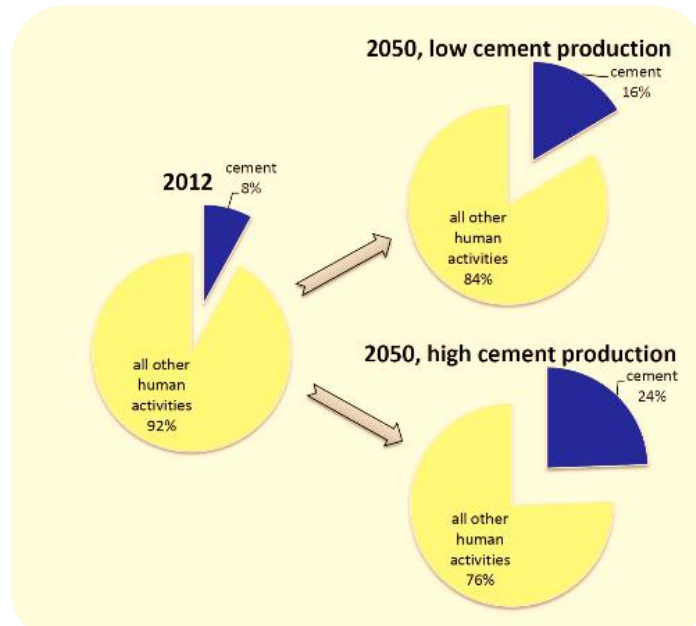
Lagooning Red mud



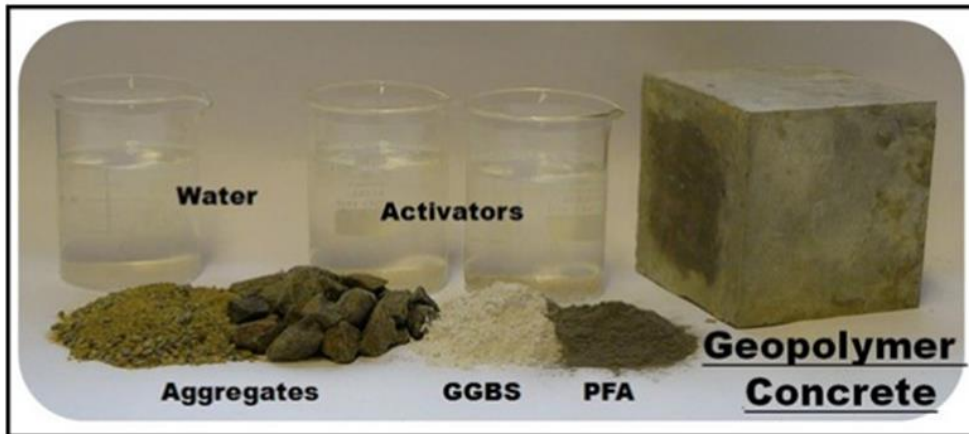
Terranova phosphogypsum deposit
(DEME, Zelzate, Belgium)



CO₂ emissions from Ordinary Portland Cement (OPC)



- **New types of cement and concrete**
 - 'Alkali Activated Materials', 'geopolymers', 'inorganic polymers'...
- Allow incorporation and **recycling of several types of industrial residues.**
- **Reduce CO₂ emissions** from cement by up to 80%



Using NORM in construction materials?



Fly ash



Phosphogypsum



Metal slag



Red mud



Ceramics



Concrete



Cement

- Suitable chemical and physical properties?
 - Benifitial properties: immobilization?
 - (Pre)treatment of residues?
- Gamma exposure towards occupants and workers?
- Indoor air quality?
 - Radiological and chemical noxes?
- End-of-life considerations?
 - Leachability?

The NORM4Building Network (2013-2017)

- ▶ Exchange of multidisciplinary knowledge and experiences (radiological, technical, legislative, economical, ecological, ...)

Investigate the
**reuse of by-products in
new tailor-made
sustainable building
materials**

While
**evaluating (radiation)
protection of the
population / environment**

However, social science and risk communication
related experts were lacking...



While several societal challenges were identified...



- How do we **perceive radiological risks** regarding the use of NORM in construction?
- How to deal with this perception in the **communication**?
- **Stakeholders' positions** regarding the use of NORM in construction?
- **Market acceptance**?
- How to translate risk awareness of workers in the construction industry to **radiation protection behavior**?

