



## Ichthyo(parasito)logical research for parasite conservation, One Health, and education

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## AQUATIC BIODIVERSITY TEAM:

- 3 post-docs: 3 nationalities
- **13 PhD students: 6 nationalities**
- 10 defended PhDs: 6 nationalities

### Wetlands

lacksquare

BOX 1.2 Wetlands as a source of water supply and biodiversity, facilitating sustainable livelihoods.



Wasserman & Dalu (2022) in: Fundamentals of Tropical Freshwater Wetlands

- freshwater ecosystems: <1% of the Earth > 10% of known animals ca. 1/3 of known vertebrates
- wetlands:

kidneys of the landscape nature's supermarkets

### Wetlands

BOX 1.3 Examples of wetland degradation from the (sub)tropical regions of the world.



Wasserman & Dalu (2022) in: *Fundamentals of Tropical Freshwater Wetlands* 



424 Ramsar Sites covering 111,127,201 ha

### One Health



One Health: integrative approach

Change in perspective: "us against them" → "shared risk"

Rabinowitz et al., 2008



75% of the links in food webs involve a parasitic species

Worms of change: anthropogenic disturbance changes the ectoparasite community structure of Lake Victoria cichlids



#### Why study human impact on wildlife parasites?

- Status of ecosystem health ecosystem rich in parasites = healthy ecosystem
- Link between habitat degradation and spillovers ecosystem changes → host-parasite interactions change



# Worms of change: anthropogenic disturbance changes the ectoparasite community structure of Lake Victoria cichlids



### Worms of change: anthropogenic disturbance changes the ectoparasite community structure of Lake Victoria cichlids





before perturbations 142 fishes

after perturbations

#### 194 fishes





Worms of change: anthropogenic disturbance changes the ectoparasite community structure of Lake Victoria cichlids

The relative occurrence of parasites changed in Lake Victoria (Gobbin et al., 2024, *bioRxiv*), but not in a pristine nearby lake

#### $\rightarrow$ observed changes actually result from anthropogenic perturbations



### A network of change: fishes as predators of mosquitoes – an EcoHealth perspective



Mosquitoes have predators – incl. fish!

Overfishing might threaten these fish

Can protecting predators of mosquitoes reduce disease risks?







### A network of change: fishes as predators of mosquitoes – an EcoHealth perspective

#### Mangroves are in many places



... and are important for people

### A network of change: fishes as predators of mosquitoes – an EcoHealth perspective

#### Saloum Delta National Park (Senegal)

fishing ban versus fishing area





### Monitoring African wetlands using macroinvertebrates and parasites: balancing ecosystem and societal needs



prof. dr. Nikol Kmentová

### Vision

- reproducible framework for assessing ecosystem health in African wetlands
- macroinvertebrates and parasites as indicator taxa



Monitoring African wetlands using macroinvertebrates and parasites: balancing ecosystem and societal needs

#### First steps: habitat selection for interpreting biological responses to anthropogenic stress

- physicochemical gradient (identification of the main disturbance gradient)
- "pristine" versus impacted areas





Monitoring African wetlands using macroinvertebrates and parasites: balancing ecosystem and societal needs

#### First steps:

- Rusizi
- Lufira

(UNESCO-MAB reserves & Ramsar sites)





Nkezabahizi & Bizimana (2008) Burundi's important bird areas



## Blended education an innovative educational project at UHasselt





dr. Nathan Vranken







**Digital data** 



#### **Piranha - Weberian apparatus**

The Weberian apparatus is an anatomical structure that connects the swim bladder to the auditory system in fishes belonging to the superorder Ostariophysi. When it is fully developed in adult fish, the elements of the apparatus are sometimes collectively referred to as the Weberian ossicles or Weber's ossicles. The presence of the structure is one of the most important and phylogenetically significant distinguishing characteristics of the Ostariophysi. The structure itself consists of a set of minute bones that originate from the first few vertebrae to develop in an embryonic ostariophysan. These bones grow to physically connect the auditory system, specifically the inner ear, to the swim bladder. The structure acts as an amplifier of sound waves that would otherwise be only slightly perceivable by the inner ear structure alone (Wikipedia, 2024). Example 3D µCT scan from Miguel Garcia Sanz & Kelly Boyle, MNHN.

### **Blended education**

an innovative educational project at UHasselt

#### Vision

A Virtual learning environment with scans of museum specimens

- Annotated scans contribute to an integration between practicals and lectures
- Connect students with technological and societal developments Animal welfare Introduction to state of the art digitalisation methods Integrating different courses Course material for capacity-building in the Global South

### Parasite conservation

#### **IUCN Parasite Specialist Group**

Red List to assess conservation status of species Raise awareness, contribute to action plans

Does not include parasites of humans or domestic animals !



IUCN = International Union for Conservation of Nature



INSTITUUT NATUUR- EN BOSONDERZOEK



RASITE

**IUCN SSC** 

Specialist Group

IUCN

**NC STATE** 

