Evaluation of Al Text Generators

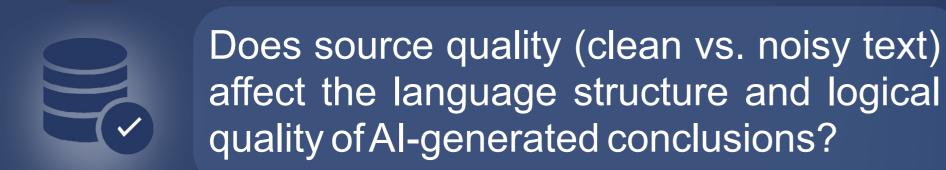


Large language models (LLM) like GPT-4, Claude 3.7, Gemini, and Command R are increasingly used in real-world tasks such as ummarization, fact-checking, and decision-making. This study

evaluates their performance under both clean and noisy input conditions using a mix of human and automated assessments. The goal is to understand how reliably

these models operate beyond ideal settings.

2. Research Questions



Can LLMs accurately read hybrid semantic constructs (e.g., process vs. decision) in realworld texts?

How do Al-generated final products compare to human-written outputs in terms of accuracy, harmony, and specific to a task performance (summarization, question answering, grammatical

correction, fact-checking)?

Hybrid evaluation using both human

Focus: GPT-4, Claude 3.7, Gemini,

judgment and automated metrics

Tasks: Summarization, fact-

checking, grammar correction,

3. Methodology

Study Design:

Command R



Expert Evaluation (Researcher)

ExpertEvaluation(Researcher) 6criteria:InputImpact, Semantics, Summarization, Decision-Making, Grammar, Factuality

5-pointscale, scoredby researcher ***



Human Evaluation (n=14)

HumanEvaluation(n=14) 5criteria:Accuracy, Coherence, Consistency, Fluency, TaskFit

Blind, Likertscale (1-5), averagedpermodel/task



decision analysis

- ✓ Input Quality Matters
- ✓ Semantic Reasoning

- ✓ Factual Validation
- ✓ Practical Decision-Making





AutomatedMetrics: ROUGE(overlap),BLEU (precision), BERTScore (semantics)

Benchmarkedwithhuman judgments

5. Conclusions

1 GPT-4 & Claude 3.7:

Most consistent, logical, and fluent.

4 Input quality matters: GPT-4 & Claude handle noise best.

7 Future:

Add dialogue, multilingual, bias studies.

2 Command R:

Precise, best for grammar tasks.

5 No model fits all tasks choose based on context.

3 Gemini:

Fluent but weaker in reasoning.

6 Limitations: Small sample, English-only, static tests.

Promoter: Prof. Dr. Koen Vanhoof

Sanaz Khoobi

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